

Nottingham Community Safety Partnership

Working in partnership to build a safer and stronger city

Community Safety Strategy
2026-2029

Your Community Safety Partners

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE Fire & Rescue Service — Creating Safer Communities

Nottingham City Council

HM Prison & Probation Service

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE POLICE — PROUD TO SERVE

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE POLICE & CRIME COMMISSIONER

IT'S IN NOTTINGHAM

NHS Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Integrated Care Board

Probation Service

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Foreword

Paddy Tipping, Independent Chair of the Nottingham Community Safety Partnership



The safety, confidence, and wellbeing of Nottingham's communities continue to guide everything we strive to achieve together. With this shared purpose, I am pleased to introduce the Nottingham Community Safety Partnership strategy for 2026–29. This strategy sets out our collective ambition to ensure Nottingham remains a city where people feel secure, included, and able to flourish - whether they live, work, study, or visit here.

Our approach is rooted in strong partnership working. Statutory agencies, voluntary and community organisations, and the people of Nottingham each play a vital role in shaping safer neighbourhoods. By combining our expertise and listening closely to local voices, we can deliver practical, innovative responses to the challenges our communities face. Through prevention, early intervention, and proportionate enforcement, we will tackle the underlying causes of crime and anti-social behaviour while supporting those affected to recover and rebuild.

This strategy sets out the priorities and actions that will guide our work over the next three years. It provides a clear framework for how we will measure progress and what success will look like. But its impact depends on the continued commitment of our partners and the active involvement of residents. Nottingham's diversity and energy are among its greatest strengths, and this strategy reflects our shared belief that everyone deserves to feel safe and supported.

I want to express my gratitude to all those who contribute to this essential work. I also invite every organisation, partner, and resident to join us in delivering the ambitions set out here. By working together, we can create lasting, positive change and build a city where communities are stronger, more resilient, and more confident.

This document represents our collective pledge to prioritise community safety and outlines the steps we will take to achieve meaningful outcomes. Through this strategy, we reaffirm our commitment to doing everything we can to make Nottingham a safer place for all.

Introduction

The Nottingham Community Safety Partnership (NCSP) is a statutory partnership under the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, with key agencies working together to deliver against key priorities of the reduction of crime, anti-social behaviour (ASB), substance misuse and reoffending.

Nationally these partnerships are known as Community Safety Partnerships and were established in recognition of the fact that the causes of crime are complex, and that no single agency holds the key to reducing crime and its impact on society. Therefore, the responsibility for crime reduction and prevention sits with all agencies collectively, and the key to achieving long term and sustainable reductions in offending is through multi-agency working, addressing prevention as well as enforcement.

The NCSP is made up of a number of statutory and non-statutory agencies including Nottinghamshire Police, Nottingham City Council, Nottinghamshire Fire and Rescue Service, the Probation Service, Public Health, the Integrated Care Board, the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner, HMP Nottingham and It's In Nottingham.

In recent years the partnership has taken on a number of additional duties and responsibilities in response to the changing national landscape around community safety. In 2021 the NCSP board took on the role of the statutory local partnership board for domestic abuse, as required by the Domestic Abuse Act 2021, and in 2022 the board assumed a similar role for substance use, as mandated by the *From Harm to Hope* national drug strategy. In 2023 the Serious Violence Duty was introduced and the NCSP has also taken on strategic governance and oversight of this for Nottingham.

This strategy aims to clearly articulate the vision, priorities and objectives of the NCSP over the next three years. The strategy will be supported by themed delivery plans with SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-bound) actions to help achieve the objectives at a local level, providing clarity and guidance around national and local requirements through both statutory and non-statutory duties. This document will link into the corporate plans of individual organisations, as well as the many strategies, plans and guidance documents from the government at national level.

For Further Information

Please Visit:

Nottingham Community Safety Partnership (NCSP) - Nottingham City Council



The City of Nottingham

Based in the East Midlands of England, Nottingham is a unitary local authority, illustrated in figure 1. Nottingham has a population in excess of 328,513[1].

Nottingham is surrounded by Broxtowe Borough Council, Ashfield District Council, Gedling Borough Council and Rushcliffe Borough Council, which all sit alongside Nottinghamshire County Council, under a two-tier system of local government.

During the lifespan of this strategy, Local Government Reorganisation (LGR) will change the boundaries and composition of local government in Nottinghamshire. These significant impending changes will be taken into consideration throughout the lifetime of this strategy.



Figure 1. Nottingham City Wards

Rank of average score (1 is the most deprived)			
Nottingham	**18**	Newark & Sherwood	**161**
Ashfield	**63**	Gedling	**147**
Mansfield	**46**	Broxtowe	**215**
Bassetlaw	**104**	Rushcliffe	**293**

Figure 2. Table of ranked Districts according to IMD Oct. 2025

The English Indices of Deprivation (IoD) measures relative deprivation using seven distinct domains including income, employment, education, health, crime, barriers to housing & services, and living environment. The table (fig.2) shows that Nottingham is ranked number 18 overall out of the 296 districts in England[2] and is the most deprived local authority across Nottinghamshire.

The statutory partners of the Nottingham Community Safety Partnership are Nottingham City Council, Nottinghamshire Police, Nottinghamshire Fire & Rescue Service (NFRS), the Nottingham & Nottinghamshire Integrated Care Board (ICB) and Nottingham Probation Service.

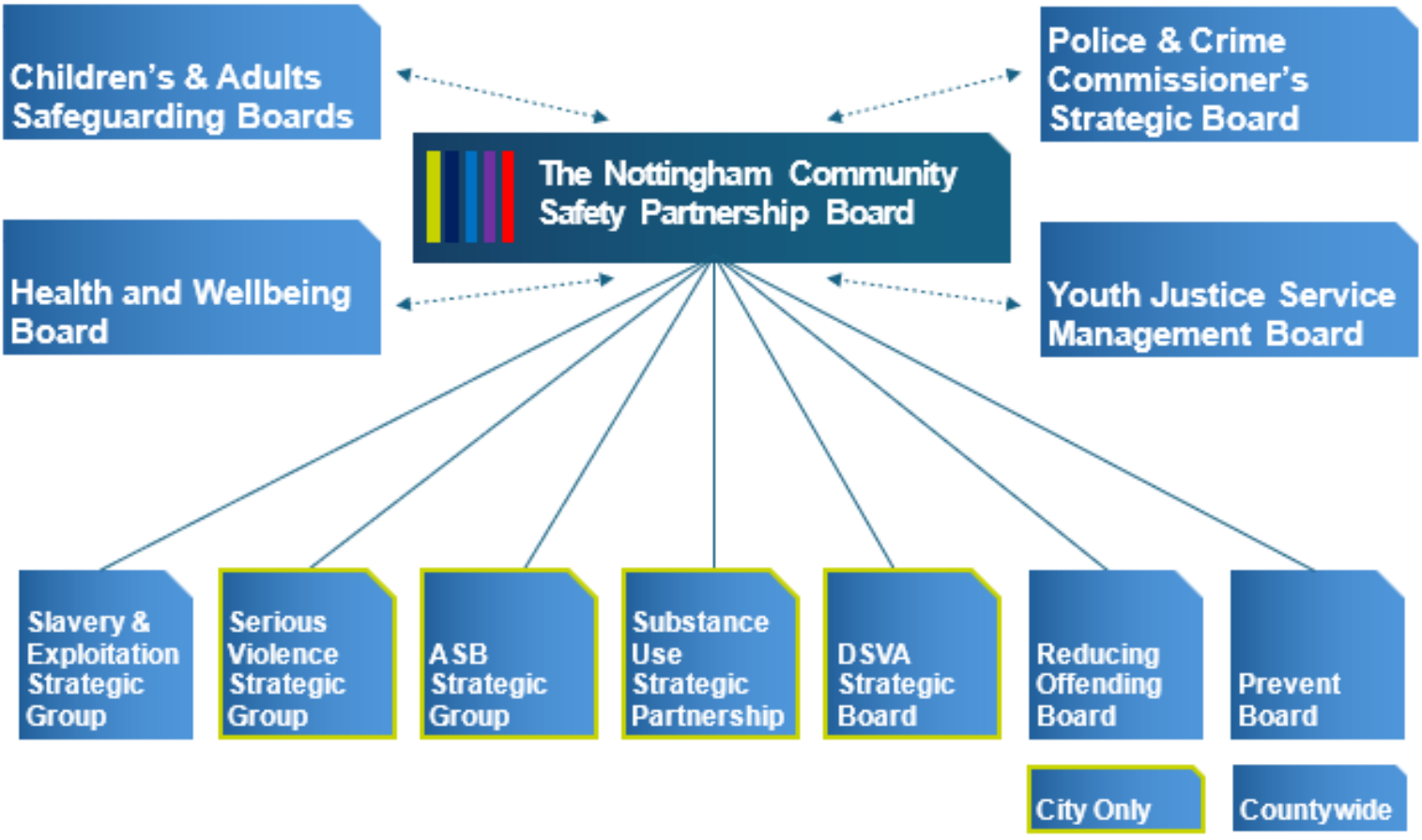
[1] Nottingham Population | Historic, forecast, migration
[1] IMD - Overall - score in England | LG Inform

Governance Structure

The partnership is organised to provide good governance and coordinated action, as described below.

- **Partnership Board** – Provides strategic governance of the partnership
- **Thematic Sub-Groups** – Oversight of delivery against the strategic priorities of the partnership. Forums for effective tactical problem solving, planning and challenge across a range of themes and community safety issues.
- **Neighbourhood Problem Solving** – Designed to deal with locally identified priorities and issues. This approach seeks to reduce harm in communities and demand on agencies by addressing the causes and drivers of crime, anti-social behaviour, substance use and reoffending.

The Nottingham Community Safety Partnership Board



The NSCP Board is a citywide strategic group that is required under Crime and Disorder Regulations 2007 to ensure delivery of shared priorities and a community safety strategy. Its key role is to provide leadership and set the strategic direction for community safety across Nottingham. The strategy and work of the board is informed by an annual strategic needs assessment collated by the Partnership Support Team and contributed to by all partners.



In addition to the statutory partners, the NCSP Board also has a range of members from across the public and voluntary sectors, these include housing and education providers, third sector and voluntary organisations, specialised services, business representatives and community groups.

Nottinghamshire Office of the Police & Crime Commissioner

The Police & Crime Commissioner[3] for Nottinghamshire, Gary Godden, was elected in May 2024, taking on responsibility for developing and implementing the Police & Crime Plan for Nottinghamshire. Commissioner Godden has subsequently published his plan for the period 2025-29, and our partnership strategy seeks to complement the work of the Commissioner in making Nottingham safer.

The Commissioner sets priorities for Nottinghamshire Police, in order to respond to the needs and expectations of local communities. He also ensures that appropriate resources are available to address local and national priorities, through setting the budget and assessing the performance of the force. The Police & Crime Plan[4] can be found on the Nottinghamshire Office of the Police & Crime Commissioner website.

There are several key themes that cut across both the partnership strategy and the Police & Crime Plan, notably domestic abuse, anti-social behaviour, serious violence and substance use, showing that the partnership is clearly focused on tackling issues that affect the most vulnerable in society.

The strong focus on prevention and diversion away from criminality in the Police & Crime Plan is complemented through the work of the Reducing Reoffending Board and Substance Use Strategic Partnership.

[3] Home | Nottinghamshire Police and Crime Commissioner
[4] Police and Crime Plan | Nottinghamshire Police and Crime Commissioner

Partnership Funding

Partnership activities are funded through contributions from local partners and grants from central government.

This funding is used to commission victim support services, undertake Domestic Homicide Reviews and cover the costs of the Partnership Support Team. Locally, budget contributions are received from Nottingham City Council, Nottinghamshire Fire & Rescue Service, the Office of the Police & Crime Commissioner, Public Health and the county and district councils in Nottinghamshire. Grant funding from central government is received from the Home Office, the Department of Health & Social Care and the Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government.

Collectively, the partnership budget is used to:

- Commission high-quality specialist services, with particular focus on substance use, slavery & exploitation and domestic & sexual violence & abuse
- Commission training, prevention and early intervention programmes
- Coordinate initiatives in neighbourhoods that are disproportionately affected by crime and anti-social behaviour
- Commission and deliver Domestic Homicide Reviews
- Support the continued development of the pathways to reducing reoffending
- Undertake high quality research and analysis

Partnership Support Team

The NCSP is supported by a dedicated partnership team, hosted by Nottingham City Council. Overall, this team is responsible for coordinating the NCSP Board and partnership strategy, managing the budget and undertaking performance monitoring and analysis. The team also plays a key role in facilitating coordination between agencies and maintaining links to neighbourhood and locality working.

They identify and implement best practice and provide advice and support to facilitate business and process improvements across the partnership. The expertise within the team supports the development of strategic and tactical plans, and facilitates the effective commissioning and delivery of critical services.



Prevention and Early Intervention

Prevention and early intervention are key pillars of our strategy. Rather than simply reacting to incidents or crises after they occur, we focus on addressing the root causes of issues or harm before they escalate. There are multiple benefits to this approach:

Reducing Risk Factors

By identifying and mitigating risk factors—such as domestic abuse, sexual violence or substance use—prevention strategies aim to minimise the likelihood of negative behaviours or situations arising. For example, our Healthy Relationships programme aims to educate children about domestic abuse.

Strengthening Protective Factors

Early intervention often emphasises building protective factors within communities, such as fostering strong social networks, creating access to services, or ensuring safe public spaces. This helps individuals and communities to develop resilience against challenges. For example, the Safe Space Pledge initiative, aims to reduce violence against women and girls and strengthen bystander intervention.

Community Engagement

Involving residents in identifying local safety concerns and solutions fosters a sense of shared responsibility. When communities feel empowered and engaged, they are more likely to contribute to a safe environment through collective effort, such as the Ending Youth Violence Network in Nottingham.

Addressing Mental Health and Social Issues

Many community safety challenges are tied to mental health, addiction, or other social issues. Early intervention programs, such as accessible counselling services or rehabilitation programs, can address these problems before they lead to harm or crime. Local examples include Clean Slate and Nottingham Recovery Network.



Cost Effectiveness

Preventive and early intervention measures are often more cost-effective in the long run than addressing the consequences of crime or social harm. For instance, investing in education or employment programs can save communities from the far higher costs of imprisonment or other criminal justice outcomes.

Building Trust

When authorities, such as the police or local authority, focus on prevention and early intervention, it helps to build trust between them and the community. This trust is vital for effective collaboration in maintaining community safety.

The Voluntary & Community Sector

The voluntary and community sector (VCS) plays a vital role in Nottingham, delivering services, working with vulnerable people and giving a voice to local communities. The VCS works alongside public services to address community needs, foster cohesion, and reduce harm. The sector contributes to community safety in variety of ways:

Tailored Support for Vulnerable Groups

Organizations in the VCS often focus on supporting specific groups, such as victims of crime, at-risk youth, or people experiencing homelessness. Their localised and specialised knowledge enables them to provide tailored interventions that statutory public services might not be equipped to offer.

Building Community Resilience

VCS groups work to strengthen community ties and resilience through initiatives like youth groups, music or sporting activities. By fostering trust and collaboration among residents, they help create environments where crime and other community safety issues are less likely to happen.

Preventative Programs

The sector excels at delivering prevention-focused initiatives. For example, mentoring schemes for young people can steer them away from antisocial behaviour, and rehabilitation programs can help individuals reintegrate into society after spending time in prison.

Mediating and Bridging Gaps

The VCS often acts as a bridge between communities and formal authorities, such as the Police or the City Council. They build trust and facilitate dialogue, helping to mediate tensions and ensure that residents feel represented and heard.

Promoting Social Inclusion

By tackling issues like poverty, discrimination, and social isolation, the sector plays a key role in addressing the root causes of crime and anti-social behaviour. Initiatives aimed at improving employment opportunities, education, or housing contribute to safer and more equitable communities.

Responding Quickly

Voluntary organizations can often respond rapidly to emerging issues in their communities. Whether addressing an increase in domestic violence or stepping in to support families or young people affected by violence, they provide nimble, on-the-ground solutions, that statutory agencies cannot deliver.

Collaborating with Partners

The VCS frequently partners with local agencies, such as the Police, City Council and OPCC to deliver integrated approaches to community safety. Their collaborative efforts help ensure that resources are used effectively and holistically, in the communities that need them most.



The Vision and Strategic Objectives

'Working in partnership to build a safer and stronger city'

Prevention

- Provide factual information and advice on all community safety issues to reduce the risk of harm and enable people to make well informed choices in keeping themselves and others safe.
- Deter offending behaviour through proactive activity and action.
- Improve visibility of and accessibility to services and support.
- Build social capital through positive engagement
- Look for opportunities to raise aspirations.

Early Intervention & Enforcement



- Consolidate clear and efficient pathways from point of report to close of case for offenders, victims and witnesses, to ensure the most appropriate actions are taken expeditiously and with full consideration of evidence.
- Use evidence based decision-making in resourcing and funding opportunities.
- Work with partners to solve local issues.
- Reflect the community's needs in our service delivery by recording and analysing feedback through satisfaction surveys and other research methods.



Safeguarding, Support & Reducing Preventable Deaths

- Provide customer focused, responsive services that have a robust approach to assessing the individual risk and the support needs of victims and vulnerable people, whilst addressing any safeguarding issues.
- Develop a proactive approach to all work that considers 'contextual safeguarding' and enables the identification of those who are vulnerable and/or at risk of exploitation in extra-familial settings.
- Proactively promote support services.

Collaborative Working



- Ensure we are legally compliant by having appropriate information sharing agreements in place to enable effective contribution and engagement from all key partners.
- Ensure that we have appropriate, regular and consistent opportunities for all partners to share information and contribute to the process of reducing harm and the risk of harm.
- Effectively coordinate and deliver multi-agency case management and problem solving programmes.

Partnership Priorities 2026-29

We have identified four thematic priorities, as below. Substance use, reoffending and mental health are cross-cutting themes running through each priority and will be addressed in relation to each.

Serious Violence (SV)

Knife Crime and other SV; Domestic & Sexual Violence & Abuse (DSVA); Violence Against Women & Girls (VAWG)

Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB)

Vulnerability & Contextual Safeguarding

Modern Slavery; Child & Adult Exploitation; Road, Water & Fire Safety; Rough Sleeping

Community Cohesion:

Prevent & Channel; Hate Crime; Cohesion & Engagement



Serious Violence

Knife Crime and other Serious Violence (SV); Domestic & Sexual Violence & Abuse (DSVA); Violence Against Women & Girls (VAWG)

What will we do?

- Hold perpetrators to account through effective tactical and strategic action.
- Provide trauma-informed support to adult, child and young survivors, embedding lived experience in strategy, commissioning and service delivery.
- Increase community awareness and ensure professionals are trained to recognise SV/DSVA/VAWG, respond appropriately and refer into support.
- Contribute to the Nottingham & Nottinghamshire VRP and Domestic Abuse LPB through local delivery plans.
- Maximise opportunities for targeted diversionary activity where funding and resources allow.
- Promote healthy relationships and knife crime education in schools.
- Raise awareness of VAWG, consent and misogyny across communities and the daytime and nighttime economies through campaigns and communications.
- Recognise and address the cross-cutting impact of SV/DSVA/VAWG across criminal justice, housing, health, safeguarding, business and the voluntary sector.
- Tackle barriers to reporting and accessing support for marginalised groups, including minoritised, LGBTQ+, disabled and neurodiverse people.
- Embed learning from Domestic Homicide Reviews, Safeguarding Adults Reviews and Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews.
- Utilise Safe and Well visits and wider operational activity to proactively identify vulnerability associated with domestic abuse, exploitation, violence, and risk-taking behaviours.
- Explore the proportionate use of new technologies, including facial recognition, to identify offenders.
- Maintain strong strategic and operational partnerships with specialist commissioned providers.
- Enhance safety through expanded CCTV coverage and refuge points, particularly for women and girls.
- Engage in multi-agency operational forums to safeguard individuals and manage perpetrators.
- Provide safe accommodation for survivors and strengthen perpetrator management.
- Achieve Domestic Abuse Housing Alliance (DAHA) accreditation.

How will we measure performance?

Key Performance Indicators

✓ # Incidents and positive outcomes for serious violence	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ Hospital admissions for injury with a sharp object	Integrated Care Board
✓ # Incidents and positive outcomes of rape and serious sexual offences (RASSO)	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ # Incidents and positive outcomes of domestic abuse	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ Repeat survivors of domestic abuse	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ % accessing safe accommodation	Nottingham City Council

Supporting Performance Indicators

✓ # of young people carrying knives	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ Timeliness through the Criminal Justice System for RASSO cases	HM Courts & Tribunal Service
✓ # Incidents of VAWG in public places	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ # Domestic homicides	Nottingham City Council
✓ # MARAC referrals	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Deliberate fires	Notts Fire & Rescue Service
✓ # Serious violence incidents in the Night-Time Economy	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ Compliance with Operation Encompass	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ % of breached Domestic Abuse Community Orders	Probation Services
✓ # Safeguarding referrals with DA indicators	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Fire-setting programmes delivered	Notts Fire & Rescue Service

Anti-Social Behaviour

What will we do?

- Raise awareness of anti-social behaviour (ASB) within communities, promote reporting methods and encourage reporting.
- Deal with all reports of ASB expeditiously and robustly in line with local policy and procedure.
- Increase the identification and targeting of offenders through improved evidence gathering.
- Provide high-visibility foot patrols to tackle issues of ASB and promote feelings of safety in town centres and other locations as appropriate.
- Support and develop key initiatives focused on prevention and early intervention, referring young people into available programmes.
- Facilitate regular partnership surgeries in key locations.
- Continue to work closely with the CCTV Control Room staff to gather evidence.
- Facilitate, engage with and contribute to the ASB and partnership problem solving meetings to more effectively address problematic and persistent issues.
- Work closely with schools as partners to deter offending behaviour and better manage local issues.
- Effectively use available equipment such as deployable CCTV and body-worn cameras to support the evidence gathering process
- Consider all opportunities for diversionary activity where funding and resources are available.
- Consider how local and national funding opportunities might be used in tackling ASB.
- Make full use of licensing laws to improve the management of licensed premises.
- Develop and work to a seasonal communications plan to address peaks in activity.

How will we measure performance?

Key Performance Indicators

✓ Impact of ASB on quality of life	OPCC
✓ Feelings of safety in local neighbourhoods and city centre	OPCC
✓ # Incidents of ASB	Nottinghamshire Police & Nottingham City Council
✓ # Repeat victims of ASB	Nottinghamshire Police & Nottingham City Council

Supporting Performance Indicators

✓ # Incidents of youth related ASB	Nottinghamshire Police & Nottingham City Council

✓ # Incidents of ASB in the Night-Time Economy	Nottinghamshire Police & Nottingham City Council
✓ # Incidents of environmental crime	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Incidents of noise nuisance	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Secondary fires	Notts Fire & Rescue Service
✓ # Referrals into Immediate Justice	OPCC
✓ Reoffending rates for Immediate Justice cases	Probation Services

Vulnerability & Contextual Safeguarding

Modern Slavery; Child & Adult Exploitation; Road, Water & Fire Safety

What will we do?

- Raise awareness within communities and ensure staff are trained to recognise and report concerns regarding exploitation, abuse and other safeguarding issues.
- Promote and support educational packages and opportunities in schools to educate students and staff around exploitation, abuse and other safeguarding issues.
- Target perpetrators and strengthen the community response to tackling these crimes.
- Develop understanding and activity around contextual safeguarding.
- Expand Safe Space accreditation schemes.
- Ensure support services and multi-agency partnership working is in place regarding vulnerability, including mental health and substance & alcohol use.
- Support and develop key initiatives to improve the lives of vulnerable residents.
- Facilitate, engage with and contribute to local multi-agency safeguarding meetings for both children and adults.
- Ensure local intelligence processes are in place across partners to identify patterns and areas of concern.

How will we measure performance?

Key Performance Indicators

✓ Reduction in risk for high-risk slavery and exploitation cases	Nottingham City Council
✓ Reduction in risk for child exploitation cases	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Killed or seriously injured in road traffic accident	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ # Water safety incidents	Notts Fire & Rescue Service
✓ # Recorded arson offences	Nottinghamshire Police

Supporting Performance Indicators

✓ # Deliberate fires	Notts Fire & Rescue Service
✓ # Secondary fires	Notts Fire & Rescue Service
✓ Referral numbers and outcomes for cases of child exploitation heard through the Multi-Agency Exploitation Panel	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Referrals into the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Referrals into the Slavery & Exploitation Team	Nottingham City Council
✓ # Recorded Modern Slavery offences	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ # Referrals into the National Referral Mechanism	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ # Safe & Well visits to high risk individuals	Notts Fire & Rescue Service

Community Cohesion

Prevent & Channel; Hate Crime; Community Cohesion & Engagement

What will we do?

- Educate communities and professionals and challenge attitudes that underpin hate.
- Facilitate and support Prevent training across agencies to ensure staff are able to recognise and report concerns.
- Ensure staff are trained to recognise and report hate as an offence itself, and as a motivating factor within other offences such as anti-social behaviour and domestic abuse.
- Target perpetrators and strengthen the community response to tackling these crimes.
- Raise awareness of radicalisation and extremism, and reporting mechanisms into Prevent, police and other partners.
- Facilitate, promote and support opportunities for intercultural and interfaith dialogue, mixed-community activities and community engagement that build trust, tolerance, cohesion and resilience.
- Monitor and respond to community tensions, including tackling misinformation and disinformation through effective communications, myth-busting resources and partnership working.
- Strengthen community voice and participation in decision-making through engagement mechanisms and place-based partnerships.
- Work with partners to reduce social and economic inequalities, promote inclusion, and improve equitable access to services and opportunities for all communities.
- Support and strengthen local infrastructure by building the capacity, sustainability and resilience of grassroots and community-led organisations.
- Publish and work in line with the Counter-Terrorism Local Plan.

How will we measure performance?

Key Performance Indicators

✓ % Agreeing there is a sense of community in their local area	Office of Police & Crime Commissioner
✓ % Agreeing that people from different backgrounds get on well in their local area	Office of Police & Crime Commissioner
✓ # Referrals into Prevent	East Midlands Counter Terrorism Policing
✓ # of repeat victims of hate crime	Nottingham City Council
✓ # of people who feel able to influence decisions	Nottingham City Council
✓ # of cross community/intercultural events delivered	Nottingham City Council

✓ # of people participating in community cohesion activities/events	Nottingham City Council

Supporting Performance Indicators

✓ # of hate crime and hate incidents	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ # Schools receiving Prevent training	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ Hate Crime victim satisfaction	Nottinghamshire Police
✓ # of community groups engaged	Nottingham City Council

Reoffending, Substance Use & Mental Health

Cross-cutting Issues

Supporting Performance Indicators

✓ Adult reoffending rate	Probation Service
✓ Youth reoffending rate	Probation Service
✓ % Complying with Community Orders	Probation Service
✓ % Complying with drug and alcohol treatment requirements	Probation Service
✓ # Adults in treatment	Public Health
✓ # Young people in treatment	Public Health
✓ % Adults making substantial progress on recovery outcomes	Public Health
✓ Adults mental wellbeing	Notts Healthcare Trust
✓ Child and young person's mental wellbeing	Notts Healthcare Trust

