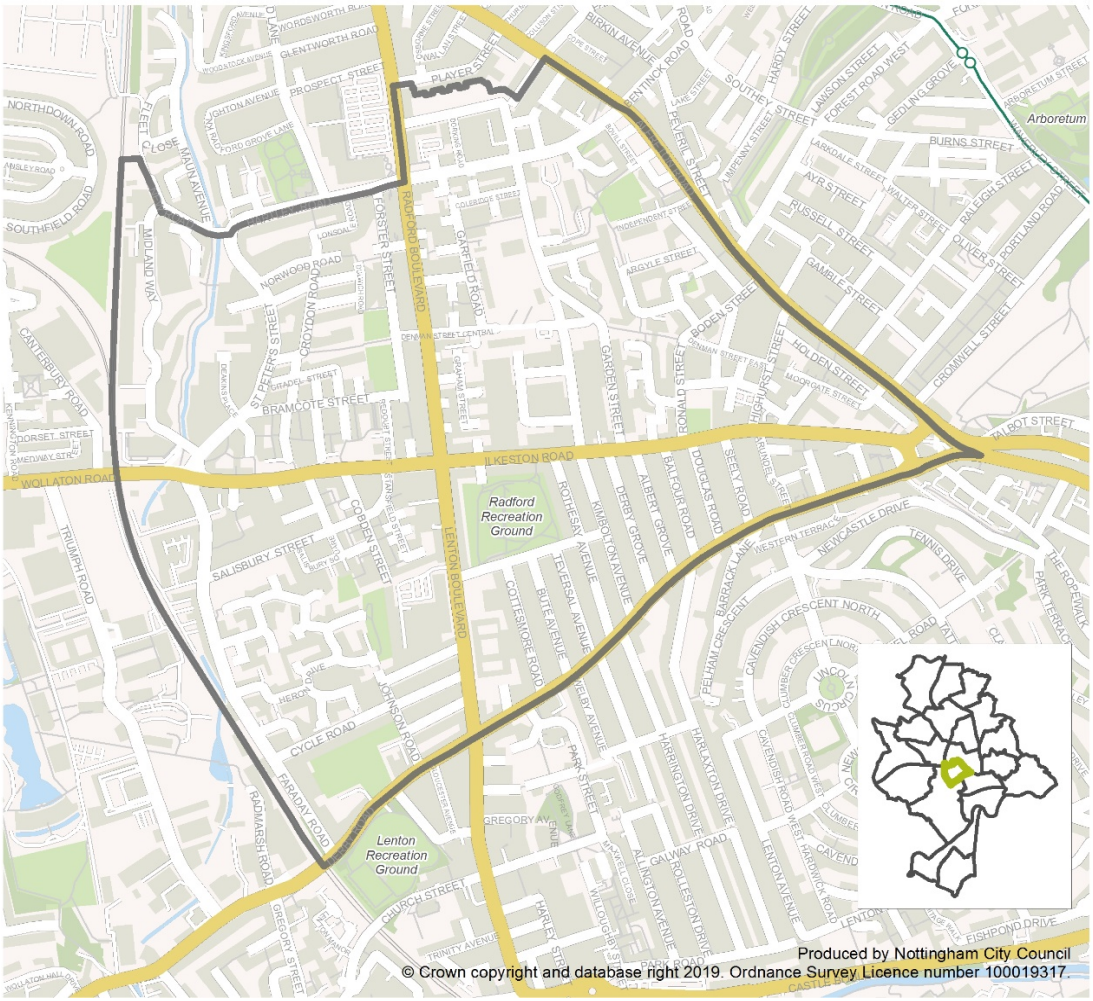
Ward Profile 2020

Radford

Produced by Nottingham City Council for Nottingham Insight

Radford | Nottingham City Wards

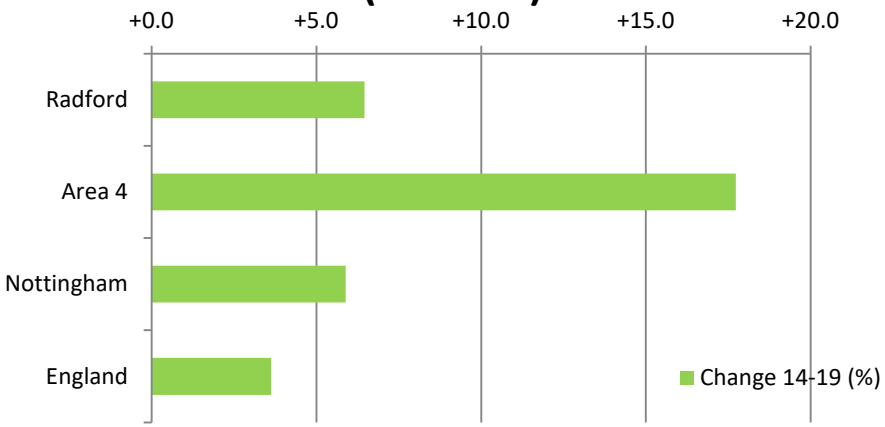


Demographics

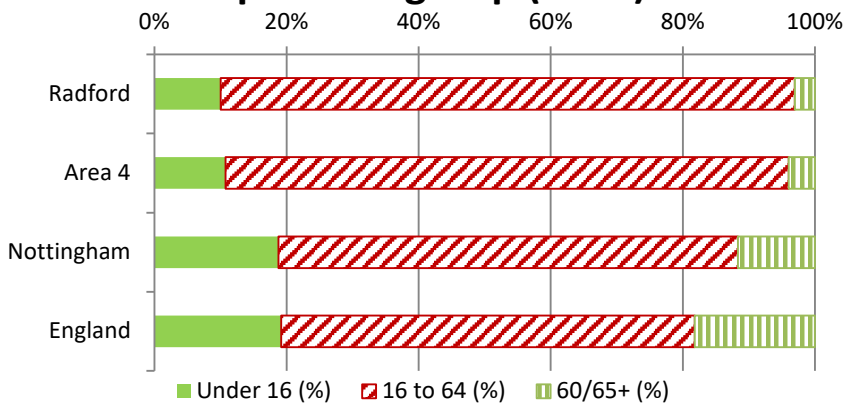
	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Population MYE 2014	15,919	48,778	314,385	54,316,618
Population MYE 2019	16,948	57,424	332,900	56,286,961
Change 14-19 (%)	+6.5	+17.7	+5.9	+3.6
Under 16 (%)	10.0	10.7	18.8	19.1
16 to 64 (%)	86.9	85.3	69.6	62.3
60/65+ (%)	3.0	4.0	11.6	18.1
White British (%) 2011	49.3	48.9	65.4	79.8
Non White-British (%) 2011	50.7	51.1	34.6	20.2
Households (no.) 2020	5,980	22,097	142,865	-
Student Households (%) 2020	38.1	26.5	8.2	-

Radford ward has seen a 6.5% increase in population over the last 5 years, slightly lower than the City increase . The ward has the highest proportion of working aged adults, and correspondingly, one of the lowest proportions of children of all City wards - at 10%, and the lowest proportion of older people - at just 3%. 49.3% of the population are White British, with the Black or Black British group making up 10.9% of the population, and the Asian or Asian British group making up 21.6%.

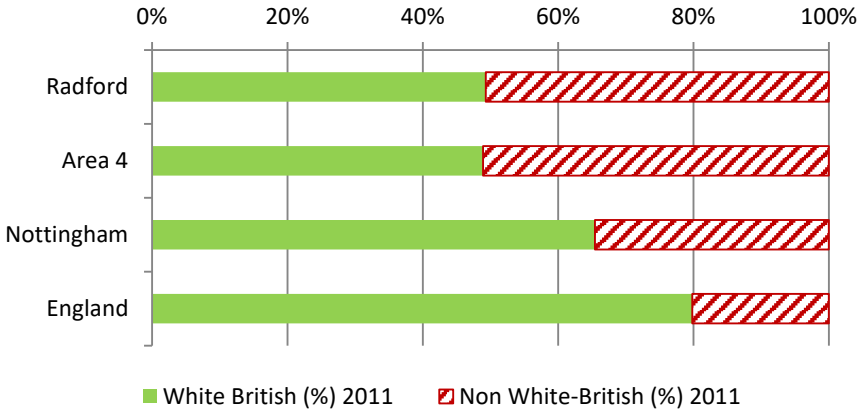
Percentage change in population (2014-19)



Population group (2019)



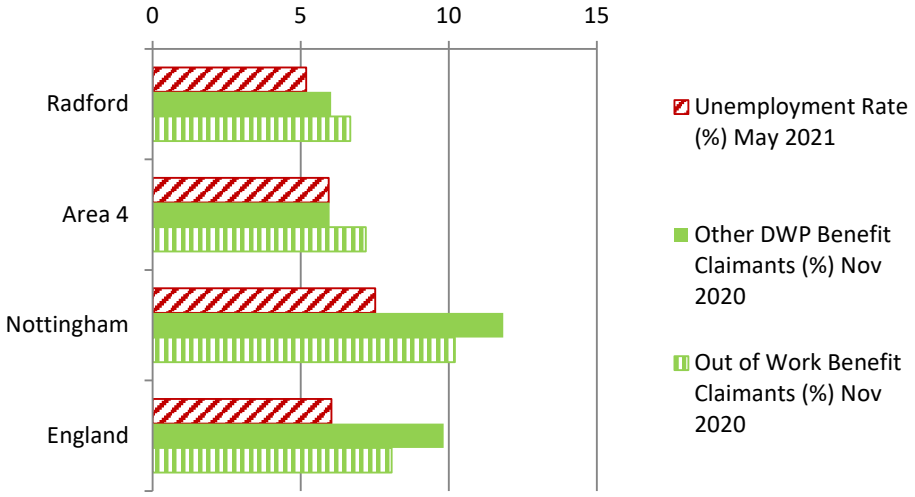
Population by ethnicity (2019)



Worklessness

	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Out of Work Benefit Claimants (%) Nov 2020	6.7	7.2	10.2	8.1
Other DWP Benefit Claimants (%) Nov 2020	6.0	6.0	11.8	9.8
Unemployment Rate (%) May 2020	5.4	5.9	8.1	6.7
Unemployment Rate (%) May 2021	5.2	5.9	7.5	6.0
Percentage change in number 20-21	-3.4	+0.0	-6.9	-10.0

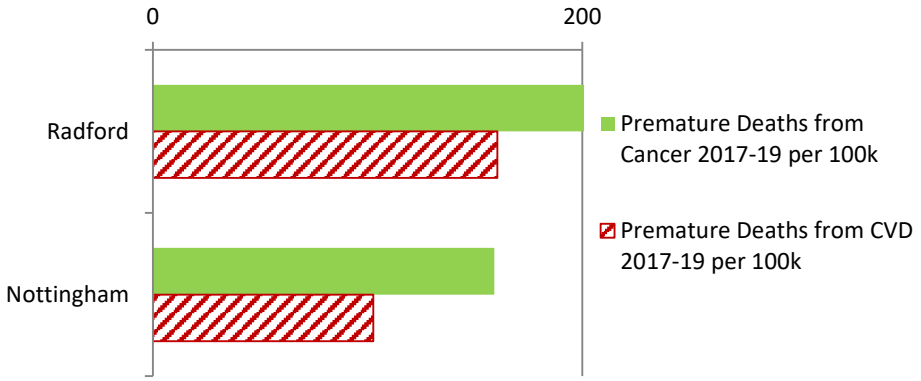
Radford ward has a lower unemployment rate than the City - at 5.2% of the working age population, and just 6.7% of the working age population in the ward claim an out of work benefit - compared to 10.2% in the City.



Health

	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Premature Deaths from Cancer 2017-19 per 100k	298.6	n/a	159.0	n/a
Lower Confidence Limit	199.3	n/a	149.0	n/a
Upper Confidence Limit	427.5	n/a	170.0	n/a
Premature Deaths from CVD 2017-19 per 100k	160.5	n/a	102.6	n/a
Lower Confidence Limit	93.9	n/a	94.5	n/a
Upper Confidence Limit	252.8	n/a	111.1	n/a
Life Expectancy - Males 2017-19	73.9	n/a	0.0	n/a
Life Expectancy - Females 2017-19	81.9	n/a	0.0	n/a

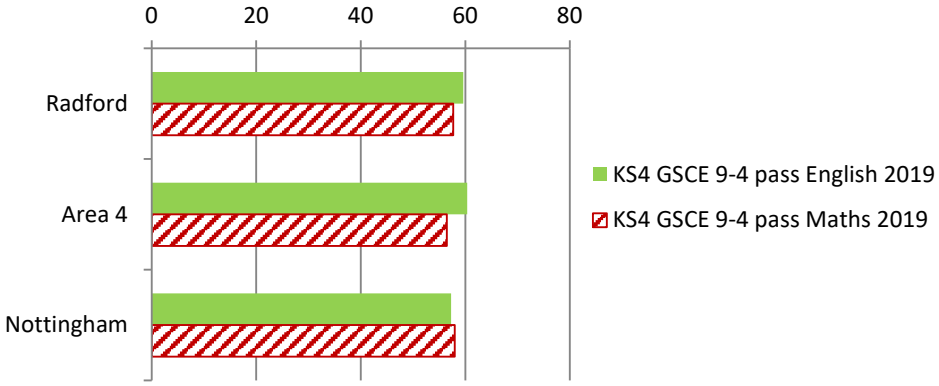
Radford ward has a significantly higher rate of premature deaths from Cancer, and slightly, but not significantly higher rate of premature deaths from Cardiovascular Disease, than Nottingham.

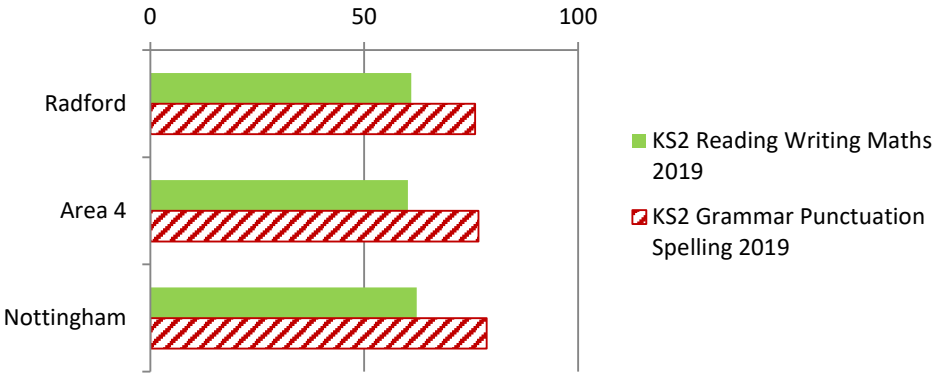


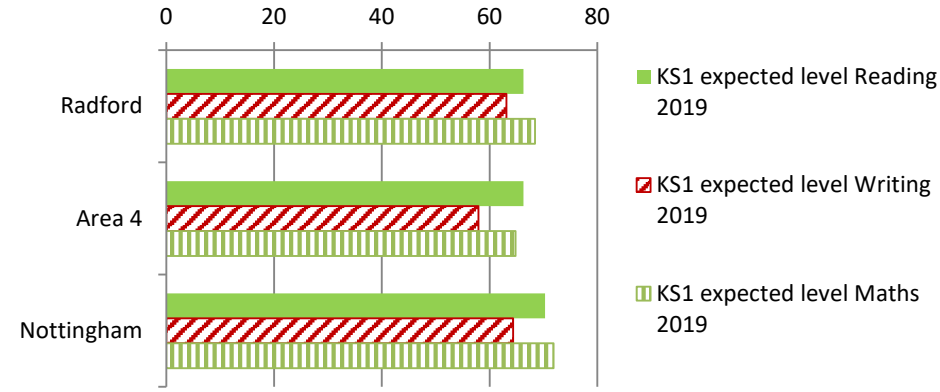
Education

	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
KS1 expected level Reading 2019	66.3	66.3	70.3	n/a
KS1 expected level Writing 2019	63.2	57.9	64.4	n/a
KS1 expected level Maths 2019	68.4	64.8	71.9	n/a
KS2 Reading Writing Maths 2019	61.0	60.2	62.3	n/a
KS2 Grammar Punctuation Spelling 2019	75.9	76.7	78.6	n/a
KS4 GSCE 9-4 pass English 2019	59.6	60.3	57.3	n/a
KS4 GSCE 9-4 pass Maths 2019	57.7	56.5	58.0	n/a
KS4 Attainment 8 2019	0.0	0.3	-0.2	n/a
KS4 Progress 8 2019	41.0	37.2	41.5	n/a

Around two thirds of pupils in Radford ward achieved the expected level in Reading, Writing and Maths at KS1. 59.6% of GCSE pupils achieved a 9-4 pass in English, and 57.7% did so in Maths



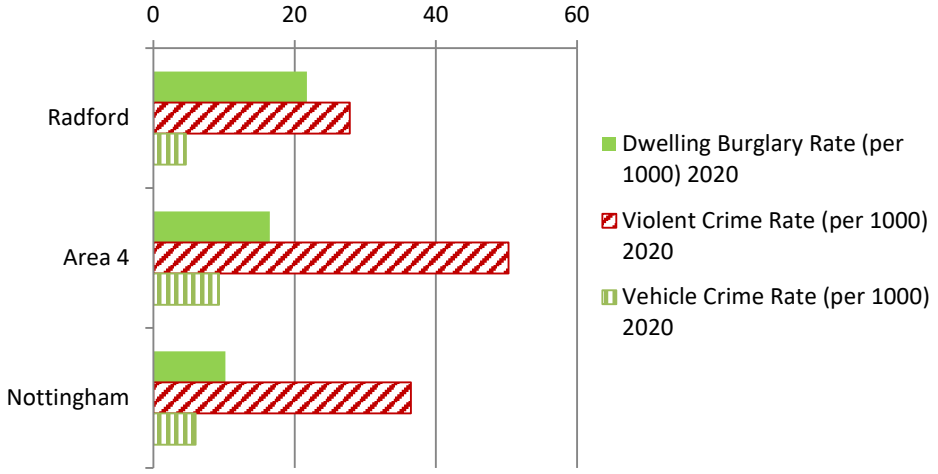




Crime

	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Dwelling Burglary Rate (per 1000) 2019	28.3	19.1	12.3	n/a
Dwelling Burglary Rate (per 1000) 2020	21.7	16.5	10.2	n/a
Percentage change in number 19-20	-23.1	-13.5	-16.8	n/a
Violent Crime Rate (per 1000) 2019	25.9	56.6	39.8	n/a
Violent Crime Rate (per 1000) 2020	27.8	50.3	36.5	n/a
Percentage change in number 19-20	+7.3	-11.1	-8.3	n/a
Vehicle Crime Rate (per 1000) 2019	9.3	11.8	8.2	n/a
Vehicle Crime Rate (per 1000) 2020	4.6	9.3	6.0	n/a
Percentage change in number 19-20	-50.6	-20.9	-27.0	n/a

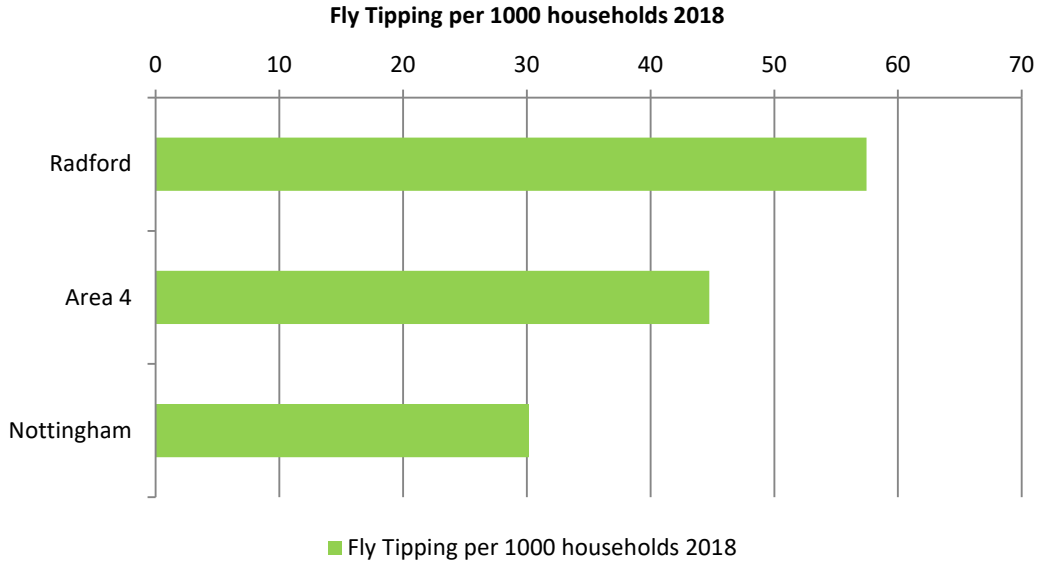
Radford ward has the highest dwelling burglary rate of all wards at 21.7 per 1000 compared to 10.2 for the City overall. It has one of the lowest violent crime rates and a vehicle crime rate very similar to the City.



Housing and Liveability

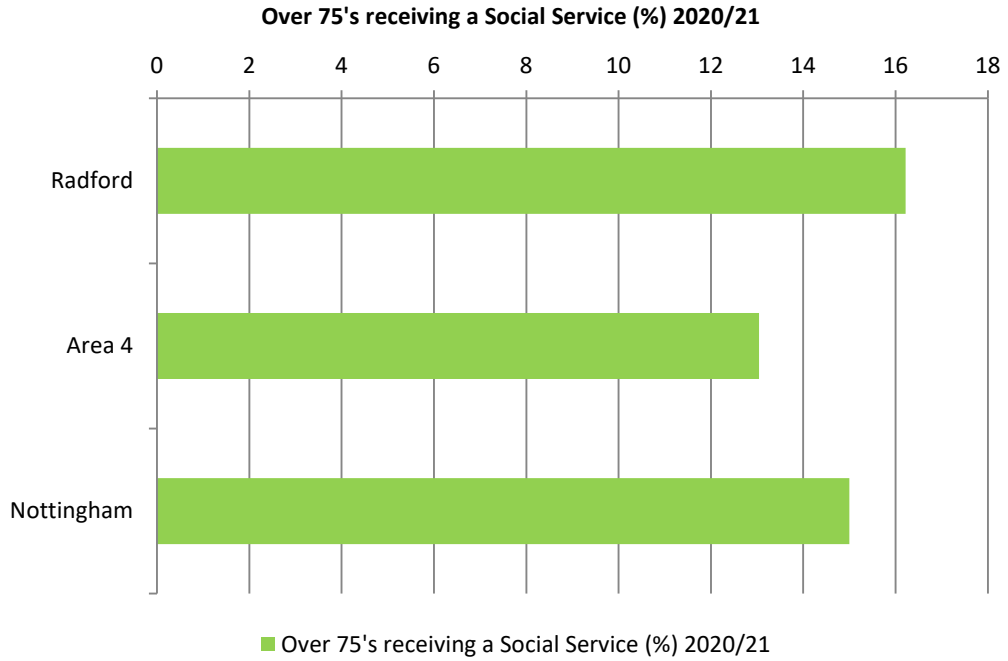
	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Fly Tipping per 1000 households 2018	57.5	44.8	30.2	n/a
Traffic Casualties 2018	5	30	119	n/a
Change from 05-09 average - 2018 (%)	-26	-22	-31.00	n/a

The rate of fly tipping in Radford ward is significantly higher than the City rate, at 177.3 per 1000 households compared to 73.8.



Deprivation and other Targets

	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Over 75's receiving a Social Service (%) 2020/21	16.2	13.0	15.0	n/a



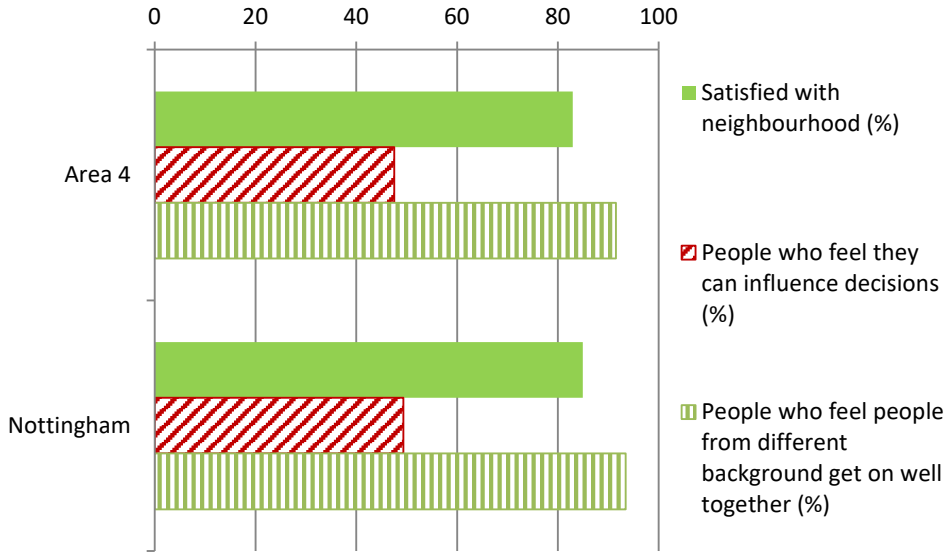
2019 Index of Multiple Deprivation

	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Super Output Areas in worst 10%	2	6	56	3,284

2019 Citizens' Survey

	Radford	Area 4	Nottingham	England
Satisfied with neighbourhood (%)	n/a	82.9	84.9	n/a
People who feel they can influence decisions (%)	n/a	47.5	49.3	n/a
People who feel people from different background get on well together (%)	n/a	91.5	93.4	n/a

Residents in Area 4 are slightly less satisfied with their neighbourhood than the City overall, and less likely to feel able to influence decisions. A slightly lower proportion of residents feel that people from different backgrounds get on well together, when compared to the City average.



Sources, Definitions and Caveats:

Wards and Area names: *Area Committee areas are comprised of wards. Instead fo listing out the wards in each Area Committe, the tables above give numbers for ease, but these are not official names for the Area Committees: 1-Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley; 2-Basford, Berridge, Sherwood; 3-Bestwood, Bulwell, Bulwell Forest; 4-Castle, Hyson Green and Arboretum, Radford; 5-Clifton East, Clifton West; 6-Dales, St Ann's, Mapperley; 7-Lenton and Wollaton East, Meadows, Wollaton West.*

Population: *Source: ONS Mid-year estimates 2014 and 2019.*

Ethnicity: *Source: Census 2011*

Households: *Source: Households and Student Households are estimated using data on residential properties and Council tax exemptions as at November 2020*

Registered Unemployed: *Source: DWP Alternative Claimant Count via Nomis. Rate is number of current JSA claimants; current UC claimants in the 'searching for work' category and 'additional claimants' who would be classed as unemployed under UC but are not currently claiming UC, as a proportion of the mid 2019 working age population estimates.*

DWP Benefits: DWP Universal Credit, Alternative Claimant County, Employment and Support Allowance, Income Support and Benefit Combinations from Stat Xplore November 2020. The total number of benefit claimants is calculated by NCC and is unofficial - see the Benefits Bulleton for more information. An 'out of work benefit' has conditions requiring the claimant to undertake activities related to a return to work. 'Other DWP benefit' are mostly related to long term sickness, disability or caring responsibilities.

Mortality rates: *Source: Nottingham City PCT Health Informatics Service. Rates are Directly Standardised to the European Standard population to allow for differing age profiles within areas. Rates are premature (under 75) deaths per 1000 population, based on three years of pooled data April 2017-March 2019 Please note the Confidence Limits.*

Life Expectancy: *Source: Nottingham City PCT Health Informatics Service. Life Expectancy at birth for Males and Females 2017-2019. Please note confidence limits apply.*

Educational attainment: *Source: Nottingham City Council Children and Adult's Department. Data are for pupils resident in an area and attending City schools. Key Stage 1 2 rate is proportion of pupils attaining at least the expected level in Reading, Writing or Maths. Key Stage 2 rate is proportion of pupils attaining at least the expected level 5 in reading, writing and maths combined, or grammar, punctuation and spelling. Key Stage 4 rates are proportion of pupils attaining a 9-4 pass at GCSE for English / Maths, and the average Attainment 8 and Progress 8 scores.*

Attainment 8 *measures the achievement of a pupil at Key Stage 4 across 8 qualifications including maths and English.* **Progress 8** *measures the progress a pupil makes from the end of primary school to the end of secondary school. It compares their achievement –their Attainment 8 score – with the average Attainment 8 score of all pupils nationally who had a similar starting point at the end of primary school. The greater the Progress 8 score, the greater the progress made. A score above zero means pupils made more progress, on average, than pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 2 and vice versa.*

Crime Rates: *Source: Nottinghamshire Police Operational Data. Crime statistics are operational data taken from a live crime recording system. The data have not been audited or verified and must therefore be taken as an indication only. Dwelling burglaries are incidents per 1000 households, Violent Crimes are incidents per 1000 population. Vehicle Crimes are thefts of or from a vehicle - per 1000 population.*

Fly Tipping: *Source: Streetscene, Nottingham City Council. Number of incidences reported per 1000 households.*

Traffic Casualties: *Source: Nottingham City Council City Development Department. Number of people Killed or Seriously Injured on City Roads, by place of accident not address of person injured.*

Social Services for Older People: *Source: Nottingham City Council Adult Services, Housing and Health. People aged 75 and over living in households who received a Social Service during 2020/21 as a proportion of all 75 and over living in households from the 2019 Mid Year Estimates*

Indices of Deprivation 2019: *Source: Department for Communities and Local Government*

2019 Citizens' Survey: *Source: Nottingham City Council Citizens' Survey, 2019. People stating they are satisfied with their neighbourhood; People agreeing they can influence decisions affecting their local area; their local area is a place where people from different backgrounds get on well together.*