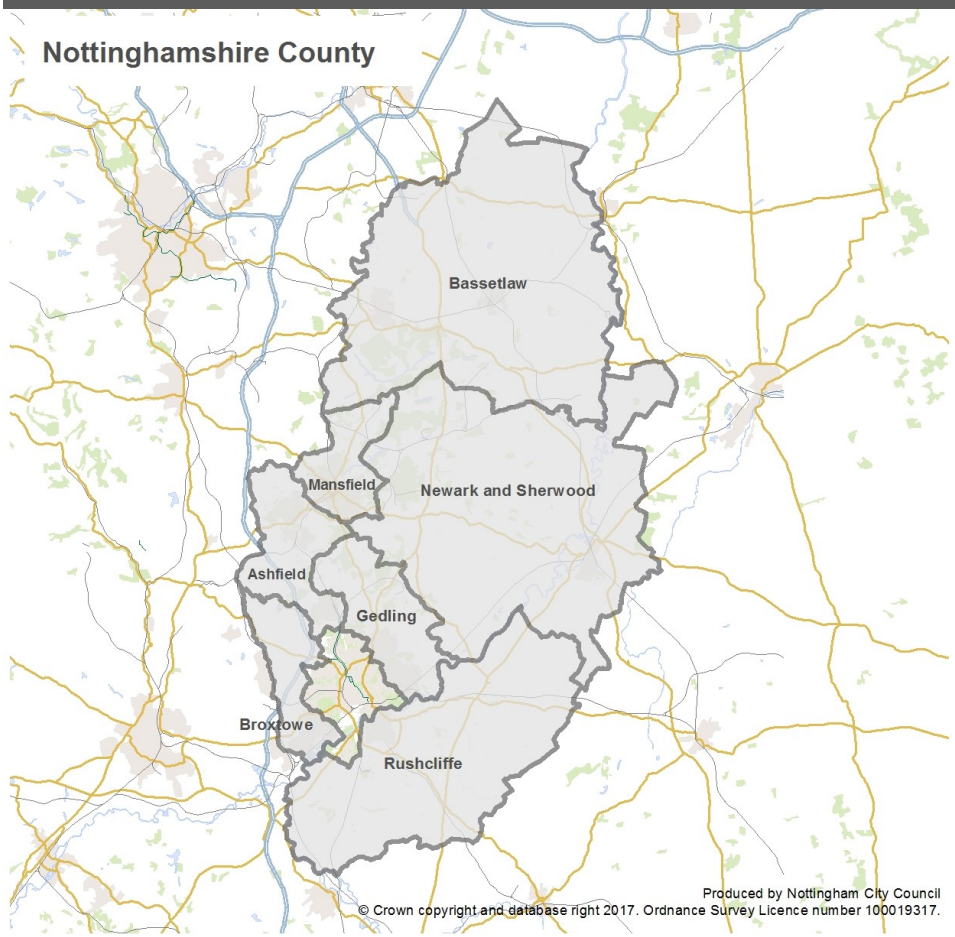
Nottinghamshire Overview



This profile was produced November 2022 with the latest data available. It provides an overview of Nottinghamshire

Nottinghamshire Overview

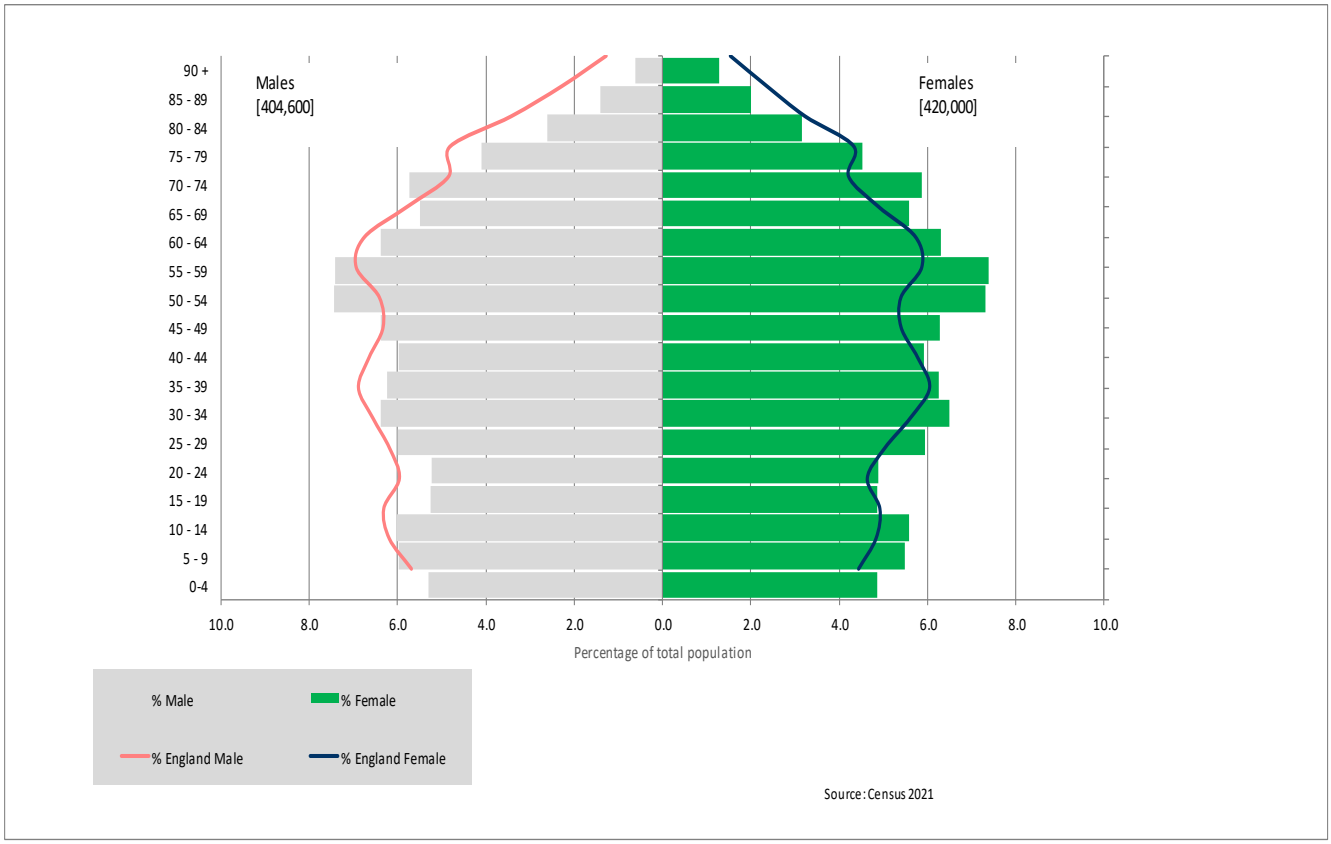
Nottinghamshire is a county in the East Midlands comprising of seven districts/boroughs as shown above. Nottingham City has been an unitary authority since 1998 and is not included in Nottinghamshire's figures. Nottinghamshire County covers 2,160 sq km.

At a Glance

Total Population **824,800** Census 2021	**Live Births 7,711** **Deaths 9,405** ONS 2020	**0-17 year olds** **163,200** Census 2021	**37,500 children living in out of work families** DWP 2021
No of House-holds **357,100** 2021 Census	**Over a fifth of households with-out a car/van** **21%** 2011 Census	**Life expectancy** **Male– 80 years** **Female 83 years** 2018-20 Public Health England	**Aged 65+** **175,200** Census 2021

Population

The population profile is similar to the national profile. Over 65's account for a fifth of the population.



	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
All People (Census 2021)	126,300	117,800	110,900	117,300	110,500	122,900	119,000	824,800
Male Population (2021)	61,900	58,400	54,400	56,500	54,400	60,500	58,300	404,800
Female Population (2021)	64,400	59,400	56,600	60,400	56,100	62,500	60,700	420,000

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
All People 0-17 (2021)	20.7%	19.5%	18.4%	19.9%	20.5%	19.3%	20.2%	19.8%
Working age people 18-64 (2021)	59.6%	58.4%	59.8%	58.5%	60.2%	58.3%	58.2%	59.0%
All People 65+ (2021)	19.7%	22.1%	21.8%	21.0%	19.3%	22.5%	21.6%	21.2%
All People 85+ (2021)	2.2%	2.7%	2.9%	2.8%	2.3%	2.7%	3.1%	2.7%

Please not figures may not add up due to rounding

Source: Census 2021

The census data collates information on ethnicity and religion as shown below.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
White: British	96	94..5	89..5	90..3	93.2	94.2	90.3	92.6
Black Minority Ethnic	4	5.5	10..5	9.7	6.8	5.8	9.7	7.4
Asian/Asian British	0.9	2.9	4.1	2.9	3.9	3.3	4.2	2.2
White: non British	1.7	1.1	3.2	2.7	1.2	1	2.8	2.9
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups	0.9	0.9	1.7	2.3	1.1	0.9	1.8	1.4
Black/African/Caribbean/ Black British	0.4	0.5	0.9	1.5	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7
Other ethnic group	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Christian	58.2	70.8	56.6	57.1	61.7	66.1	58.9	61.3
No religion	33.8	20.9	32.2	32.7	30.1	25.6	29.6	29.3
Religion not stated	6.8	6.8	7.2	7.1	6.7	7	7.1	7
Muslim	0.3	0.6	1.5	1.4	0.5	0.4	1.5	0.9
Buddhist	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2
Hindu	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	1.1	0.4
Sikh	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.4

Reviewing the births and deaths in an area can enable a better understanding of the population. The General Fertility Rate is the **total** number of live births per 1,000 women of reproductive age (ages 15- 49) in a population per year.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sher-wood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Live births: General Fertility Rate (Rate per 1,000 women in age group) (2020)	53.2	57.3	47.1	53.8	59.2	57.6	47.7	53.6
Live births (2020)	1,238	1,080	966	1,123	1,140	1,155	1,009	7,711
All deaths (rate per 100,000 peo-ple) (2020)	1183.0	1113.0	1026.7	1139.2	1251.5	1031.2	821.4	1072.2
All deaths (2020)	1,439	1,451	1,271	1,384	1,331	1,400	1,129	9,405

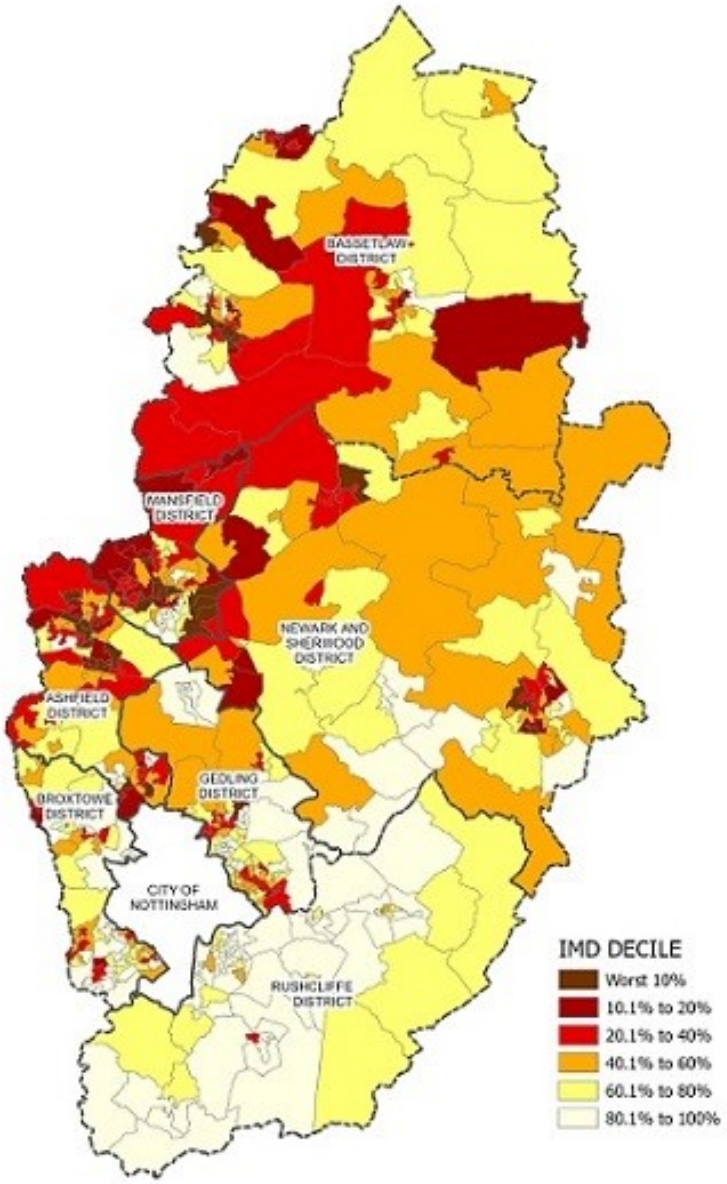
Source: ONS Death Registrations Summary Tables Source: ONS Births Summary Tables

To find out more about the demography of Nottinghamshire please see The People of Nottinghamshire.

Deprivation

The Indices of Deprivation measure relative levels of deprivation in 32,844 small areas or neighbourhoods, called Lower Super Output Areas, in England. Each area is given a score and a rank for seven distinct types ('domains') of deprivation which are then combined to calculate the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation. The Indices are used to analyse patterns of deprivation for small areas across the Country. Please visit the [Department of Communities and Local Government—Indices of Deprivation page.]

Large pockets of deprivation can be seen in the Ashfield, Mansfield and Bassetlaw Districts.



Source: Indices of Deprivation 2019

The tables below provide further information about deprivation in the district, detailing the number of children in out of work families and those households living fuel poverty.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Nottinghamshire
Children in out-of-work families (count) (2020/21)	4,200	3,500	2,500	2,800	3,400	3,200	1,600	37,500
% of children in out-of-work families (%) (2020/21)	17.4	16.4	12.9	13.1	16.5	14.5	7.2	15.0

Source: HM Customs and Revenue/Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sher-	Rushcliffe	Nottinghamshire
Households living in Fuel Poverty (2020)	8,466	7,670	6,496	6,318	7,677	7,390	5,032	49,049
Households living in Fuel Poverty (% of all households)(2020)	15.5	15.0	12.9	11.9	15.9	14.1	10.2	13.6

Source: Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy

Crime and Safety

The table below shows recorded crime offences. All crime is shown as volume and rate per 1,000 per population for 2020-21.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Nottinghamshire
Burglary (Business and Community)	119 (0.9)	225 (1.9)	80 (0.7)	53 (0.4)	97 (0.9)	164 (1.3)	88 (0.7)	349 (1.0)
Burglary (Residential)	451 (3.5)	408 (3.4)	347 (3.0)	233 (2.0)	357 (3.3)	347 (2.8)	294 (2.4)	998 (2.9)
Business Robbery	10 (0.1)	6 (0.1)	12 (0.1)	7 (0.1)	5 (0.0)	8 (0.1)	0	14 (0.1)
Criminal Damage	1235 (9.6)	1076 (9.1)	566 (4.9)	732 (6.2)	1113 (10.2)	1007 (8.2)	534 (4.4)	2654 (7.5)
Drug Offences	420 (3.3)	237 (2.0)	182 (1.6)	289 (2.4)	568 (5.2)	215 (1.7)	166 (1.4)	949 (2.5)
Personal Robbery	80 (0.6)	31 (0.3)	56 (0.5)	39 (0.3)	56 (0.5)	15 (0.1)	35 (0.3)	106 (0.4)
Possession of Weapons	116 (0.9)	61 (0.5)	49 (0.4)	66 (0.6)	165 (1.5)	67 (0.5)	35 (0.3)	267 (0.7)
Public Order Offences	780 (6.1)	698 (5.9)	431 (3.8)	491 (4.2)	715 (6.5)	609 (4.9)	384 (3.2)	1708 (4.9)
Sexual Offences	255 (2.0)	235 (2.0)	130 (1.1)	247 (2.1)	296 (2.7)	242 (2.0)	144 (1.2)	682 (1.9)
Theft Offences	1547 (12.1)	1774 (15.0)	1606 (14.0)	1014 (8.6)	1363 (12.5)	1692 (13.7)	917 (7.6)	3972 (11.9)
Vehicle Offences	456 (3.6)	935 (7.9)	517 (4.5)	272 (2.3)	484 (4.4)	597 (4.8)	454 (3.7)	1535 (4.5)
Violence against the person	3575 (27.9)	2749 (23.2)	2007 (17.5)	2164 (18.3)	3468 (31.7)	2620 (21.3)	1548 (12.8)	7636 (21.8)

Source: Police UK

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Brox-towe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Road traffic casualties (Age 0-15) - Fatal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Road traffic casualties (Age	6	4	2	5	0	8	3	28
Road traffic casualties (Age 0-15) - Slight	34	18	14	12	30	17	21	146
Road traffic casualties (Age 16+) - Fatal	0	2	1	4	1	2	2	12
Road traffic casualties (Age 16+) Serious	51	74	28	34	20	48	47	302
Road traffic casualties (Age 16+) - Slight	204	206	161	149	187	240	202	1349

Source: Dates 1/4/2019 to 31/03/2020 Nottinghamshire Police

Economy

For further information on the economy and labour market, please see the labour market profiles produced by Nomis available on Nottinghamshire Insight.

The Annual Population Survey (APS) is a combined survey of households in Great Britain. Its purpose is to provide information on key social and socioeconomic variables between the 10-yearly censuses. The data shown below is for Jan 2021 to Dec 2021.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
% all in employment who are - 1: managers, directors and senior officials (SOC2010)	6.6	8.7	9.4	8.9	6.7	12.1	16.1	9.9
% 2: professional occupations (SOC2010)	21.4	17.1	26.8	29.7	18.8	23.4	32.7	24.6
% 3: associate prof & tech occupations (SOC2010)	15.7	8.4	12.5	17.3	7.1	9.0	10.0	11.7
% 4: administrative and secretarial occupations (SOC2010)	11.9	10.3	12.1	8.7	4.1	8.4	12.9	10.1
% 5: skilled trades occupations (SOC2010)	12.6	9.8	13.5	10.5	11.7	9.3	4.5	10.2
% 6: caring, leisure and other service occupations (SOC2010)	2.9	7.8	7.0	4.1	13.3	8.7	5.7	6.7
% 7: sales and customer service occupations (SOC2010)	11.4	11.4	1.5	10.1	11.3	6.5	5.1	8.1
% 8: process, plant and machine operatives (SOC2010)	12.9	10.7	4.3	4.4	16.0	10.5	2.7	8.6
% 9: elementary occupations (SOC2010)	4.8	15.7	13.0	4.8	11.0	12.0	10.2	9.9

Source: 2020 APS

The table below shows the weekly pay for part time and full time employee jobs by place of residence. The Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE) is conducted in April each year to obtain information about the levels, distribution and make-up of earnings and hours worked for employees and is based on a sample of full time employee jobs.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Median earnings by place of residence (Earnings) (2022)	£638.40	£615.10	£721.70	£627.80	£562.90	£626.90	£712.60	£641.50

Source: ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings

The workday population counts working people at their place of work to give an idea of commuting patterns and which areas attract (i.e. import or export) employees.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark &	Rushcliffe	Notting-
Workday Population	117,300	111,900	95,100	94,800	97,100	111,200	101,700	729,000

Source: ONS Census 2011 Workplace Population

Education

The Annual Population Survey (APS) is a combined survey of households in Great Britain. Its purpose is to provide information on key social and socioeconomic variables between the 10-yearly censuses. The data shown below is for Jan to Dec 2021. (All data shown is for those aged 16-64).

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
NVQ4+	29.9	31.2	37.3	35.0	16.7	32.5	50.0	33.3
NVQ3+	50.2	52.6	52.6	57.7	37.8	59.1	67.4	54.1
NVQ2	70.6	71.1	77.2	82.7	56.0	78.8	82.0	74.2
NVQ1	86.5	88.3	90.4	92.0	75.3	83.6	89.8	86.6
Other Qualifications (NVQ)	6.8	6.8	4.0	2.4	7.0	4.2	5.1	5.2
No Qualifications (NVQ)	6.7	4.9	5.5	5.6	17.7	12.2	5.0	8.2

Source: 2019 APS

The table shows the attainment results for the Nottinghamshire districts based on schools within the District for 2019. To find out more please visit the Department of Education School Performance Tables. Please note results are not available for 2020 due to Covid-19.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Nottinghamshire
% achieving GCSE English and Maths (Grades 9-4)	55.8	72.2	69.0	69.7	60.2	68.1	85.8	67.6
% achieving GCSE English and Maths (Grades 9-5)	33.7	49.6	47.4	48.9	37.2	45.6	66.5	45.4
% achieving English Baccalaureate at grades A*-C / 9-4	17.7	20.9	26.4	25.1	19.7	23.3	36.0	23.1
% achieving English Baccalaureate at grades: A*-C / 9-5	9.4	14.9	19.6	18.2	12.2	15.7	29.7	16.2

County Council, Policy and Research Team 2019

Health and Social Care

The 2011 Census examined self reported health which is a useful indicator of the general well-being of an area and health related quality of life.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Very bad health	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.8	1.3	0.9	1.3
Bad health	5.7	5.2	4.1	4.1	6.2	4.6	3.1	4.7
Fair health	16.3	15.8	14.3	14.5	16.2	14.7	11.5	14.8
Good health	34.5	34.7	35	35.2	34.4	34.6	32.6	34.4
Very good health	42.1	42.8	45.5	45.1	41.4	44.9	51.9	44.8

Source: 2011 Census

During the Census all those reporting a long term health problem or disability that limited their day to day activities and that had lasted, or was expected to last, at least 12 months, were asked to assess their whether their daily activities were limited a lot, a little or not at all. The table below highlights those who indicated “a lot” or “a little”.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
People with a limiting long term illness (% of all people)	22.5	21.8	18.8	19.3	23.8	20.4	15.7	20.3

Source: 2011 Census

The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of around one million school children in England every year, providing a detailed picture of the prevalence of child obesity.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Prevalence of obese children in reception year(%) 2021/2	10.7	10.4	10.1	9.8	10.4	10.1	7.4	9.8
Prevalence of obese children in Year 6 (%) 2021/22	27.9	23.4	21.8	23.1	26.5	23.8	15.5	23.1

Source: Public Health England – National Childhood Measurement Programme (NCMP) Obesity data and tools

The table below shows life expectancy at birth and life expectancy at 65.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Life expectancy at birth - Male	78.2	78.9	80.1	80.1	78.0	79.8	81.8	79.6
Life expectancy at birth - Female	81.5	82.0	82.6	83.1	81.5	82.7	84.9	82.6
Life expectancy at 65 - Male	17.6	18.6	18.7	18.6	17.4	18.8	20.0	18.5
Life expectancy at 65- Female	19.9	20.4	20.9	20.5	19.7	20.9	22.3	20.6

Source: Public Health Outcomes Framework (2018-20) PHE

Housing

The table below shows households by housing tenure. (Figures shown as percentage of households)

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
Living rent free	1.3	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.5	0.9	1.3
Owned: Owned outright	33.3	34.2	37.1	37.7	32.6	35.7	39.2	35.7
Owned: Owned with a mort-gage or loan	36.0	35.3	36.1	37.6	33.9	35	37.5	35.9
Private rented: Other	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.2
Private rented: Private land-lord or letting agency	11.6	11.3	12.6	11.9	12.5	11.6	12.2	11.9
Shared ownership (part owned and part rented)	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.5
Social rented: Other	3.5	3	2.2	6.0	4.4	4	6.1	4.2
Social rented: Rented from council (Local Authority)	12.7	12.9	9	4.0	13.8	10.4	2.3	9.3

Source: 2011 Census

Transport

The table below shows those households without a car or van in the household. (Figures shown as per-centage of households).

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Rushcliffe	Notting-hamshire
No cars or vans in household	23.7	20.1	21.6	21.5	25.5	18.7	15.1	20.9

Source: 2011 Census

The services available and how accessible these services are can impact on individual households, especially those who live in more rural areas. The percentages below combine datasets that show where outlets of particular services can be found, with postcode level information on the distribution of households to calculate numbers of households within distance of key service indicators. Please note all travel times are based on travelling by public transport.

	Ashfield	Bassetlaw	Broxtowe	Gedling	Mansfield	Newark & Sherwood	Notting-hamshire	Rush-cliffe
Further Education College - 15 mins	16%	18%	48%	5%	4%	24%	53%	9%
Further Education college - 30 mins	56%	46%	88%	80%	31%	42%	96%	55%
GP Surgery - 15 mins	89%	69%	90%	83%	86%	79%	97%	84%
GP surgery - 30 mins	98%	94%	97%	97%	99%	93%	100%	93%
Hospital - 15 mins	10%	30%	10%	1%	5%	22%	24%	18%
Hospital - 30 mins	56%	73%	51%	23%	36%	40%	73%	47%
Primary School - 15 mins	95%	93%	95%	96%	96%	87%	95%	91%
Primary School - 30 mins	98%	96%	99%	98%	99%	95%	100%	95%
Secondary School - 15 mins	72%	34%	44%	45%	60%	51%	64%	57%
Secondary School - 30 mins	98%	71%	93%	94%	96%	87%	98%	89%
Leisure Centre - 15 mins	72%	20%	48%	51%	54%	34%	55%	51%
Leisure Centre - 30 mins	98%	63%	93%	93%	94%	80%	96%	88%
Major employment centre - 15 mins	84%	74%	92%	77%	85%	67%	86%	82%
Major employment centre - 30 mins	97%	95%	99%	95%	99%	88%	99%	94%
Major retail centre - 15 mins	64%	45%	58%	70%	46%	37%	44%	39%
Major retail centre - 30 mins	96%	86%	94%	97%	98%	85%	87%	86%
Within 800m/10 mins walk of a bus stop with an hourly service week-days 0600-1800 hrs	95%	61%	87%	94%	94%	59%	98%	83%
Within 800m/10 mins walk of a bus stop with an hourly service weekday evenings 1800-2400 hrs	75%	37%	77%	87%	64%	31%	96%	74%
Within 800m/10 mins walk of a bus stop with an hourly service weekday Sundays 1000-1800 hrs	76%	45%	80%	87%	87%	22%	96%	75%

Source: Nottinghamshire County Council updated Sept 2020